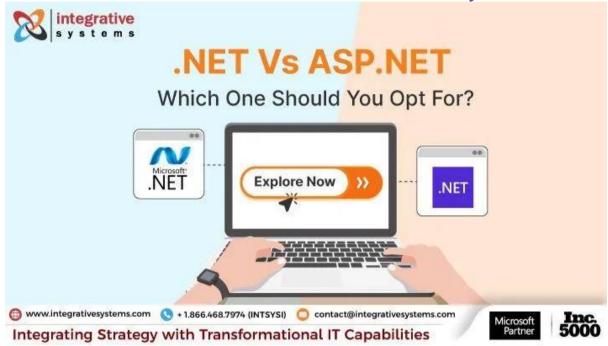
.NET Vs ASP.NET – Make the Right Choice for Your Next Project



There was a time when developers created applications from scratch.

It required a great deal of time, effort, and expertise to develop and customize projects, and even more to support them as they grew in complexity.

Thanks to the evolution of technology, there are new ways, frameworks, tools, and technologies for dealing with the evolving challenges.

This brings us to the realm of two such popular technology frameworks by Microsoft –

.NET

ASP.NET

Often used interchangeably, the 2 forces hold fundamental differences, serve varied purposes, and bring diverse benefits.

Thus, business leaders, such as yourself, must have a clear understanding of the disparities between the two, before you make an informed decision for your next development project.

If you are a business leader heavily invested in .NET or planning to invest in .NET or ASP.NET, this blog is dedicated to you.

Through this blog, we will draw a demarcation between .NET vs ASP.NET, discuss their resemblances, and help you find the ideal choice for your dream project. (Bookmark this guide for future reference.)

Ready to decide between ASP.NET or .NET...

Let's start with the basics, shall we?

What Is .NET?

NET (pronounced as Dot NET) is a software development framework by Microsoft. It is an open-source platform widely used to simplify the development process of feature-rich Windows, Web, and Server-based applications that run on a variety of operating systems including Android, iOS, Linux, and Windows.

With .NET, businesses, such as yours, can confidently develop complex applications without worrying about security, scalability, or compatibility challenges as Microsoft has engineered the framework to address these critical elements with ease.

But What Is .NET? Is It a Language or a Tool?

.NET is neither a tool nor a language but a system that includes libraries, languages, tools, and a wholesome development environment that supports modern software development powered by a vast developer community to solve your challenges and increase growth opportunities promptly.

Dot NET comprises of 5 primary components –

Base Class Library (BCL)

Common Type System (CTS)

Framework Class Library (FCL)

Common Language Runtime (CLR)

Common Language Specification (CLS)

Since its inception in 2002, thousands of websites have been built using .NET. *According to Microsoft*, **there are over 5,00,000 Dot NET developers worldwide.**

What Is ASP.NET?

ASP.NET stands for *Active Server Pages Network Enabled Technologies*. It is an updated version of legacy Active Server Pages.

It is a free web framework designed by Microsoft to facilitate the development of dynamic web applications, websites, and web services.

Released in the year 2002, ASP.NET is still suitable and useful for developing dynamic web apps and it is likely to be so in the future.

ASP.NET is a crucial tool present in the Dot NET framework.

It simplifies the process of web application development, debugging, and execution while enabling your team of <u>ASP.NET programmers</u> to benefit from the rich set of .NET classes and features.

Key components of ASP.NET include -

Web API – Enables the development of RESTful services.

Web Forms – Streamlines the development of user interfaces.

Model-View-Controller – Provides a structured technique to build web applications.

As a popular developers' choice, ASP.NET stands as the 4th most loved web framework – According to StackOverflow.

As we have scratched the surface of ASP .NET vs .NET, it's time to dive deeper into their capabilities and explore how they can empower your application development journey.

Are .NET and ASP.NET the Same?

ASP NET and Dot NET are not the same but are closely connected. Yet, they share some prominent similarities such as —

1. Created by Microsoft

Both ASP.NET and .NET were created by Microsoft in the year 2002. Today, .NET and ASP.NET are critical elements of Microsoft's development ecosystem.

2. Shared Runtime on the Common Language Runtime (CLR)

Both ASP NET and NET applications run on the Common Language Runtime (CLR) that manages the execution of applications.

3. Shared Libraries and Components

Another important similarity between the two is, that ASP.NET developers can access the entire set of .NET features and classes. Since ASP.NET extends the .<u>NET framework</u>, applications designed on ASP .NET are majorly component-based and can be written in all Dot NET languages.

Having discussed how NET and ASP NET are related but not similar, keep reading to discover the disparities between the .NET vs ASP.NET.

Read More: https://www.integrativesystems.com/dot-net-vs-asp-dot-net/